

Community Newsletter

Sheriff's Office

541-440-4450



Dispatch Non-Emergency

541-440-4471

Emergency

9-1-1

Community Outreach

Andrea Zielinski

541-440-4486

Records Division

541-440-4463

Civil Processing

541-440-4468

Patrol Division

541-440-4457

Investigations

541-440-4458

Drug Activity Tip Line

541-440-4474

Search and Rescue

541-440-4448

Marine Patrol

541-440-4447

Douglas County Jail

541-440-4440

Animal Control

541-440-4327

Concealed Handgun Licensing

541-957-2021

V.I.N.E.

Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE) is a service that allows *anyone* to retrieve information about the status of an inmate in the corrections system via telephone.

VINE will tell you if an offender is in the custody of the Oregon Department of Corrections, Oregon Youth Authority, or a county jail and will give you other important custody and/or probation and parole information. VINE will also let you leave a phone number where you want to be called automatically when that offender is released, transferred, escapes, dies or has a change in parole or probation status.

Examples of information include:

- Inmate status and charges
- Inmate location
- Inmate's next court date, time and location
- Inmate's scheduled release date

Call **1-877-674-8463** from a touch-tone phone and follow the instructions. You can also obtain offender information and register for notification online at www.vinelink.com

Please remember: if you are in fear of your safety, please do not wait until the release of an individual to take precautionary measures.

Helpful Hints

- Be sure to spell the offender's name correctly on the phone keypad. If you have the offender's SID number, use it instead of the name to locate the offender in V.I.N.E. Keep track of the inmate's SID number if you have it. The inmate number stays with the inmate no matter how many charges or whether the inmate enters the corrections system more than once.
- You will be given two options to search for the offender. Press 1 to search the Department of Corrections, which is the State Prison system. Press 2 to search for the offender in any county jail in Oregon.
- To register, you must give V.I.N.E. one or more phone numbers where you can be reached, or someone you trust can be reached. The V.I.N.E. system will continue to call until it gets the correct 4-digit code that you used when you registered. Be sure to remember your PIN *number by writing it down and keeping it in a safe place.*

Child Safety Seats



Safety belts are designed to fit adults- not kids. In a crash, a child can slip out of an adult safety belt and can even be injured by a poorly fitting safety belt. Kids who aren't buckled up at all are in the most danger. The right type of safety seat or booster seat for your child's size dramatically reduces their risk of injury in a crash. In Oregon, safety seats and booster seats are required by law. Here are the current laws and recommended guidelines for child safety seats.

Starting with babies, all infants need to ride rear-facing starting with their first ride home from the hospital until they have reached 1 year of age and weigh more than 20 pounds. This became law in Oregon on July 1, 2007.

Best practice and recommendation is for them to ride rear-facing until they reach the highest weight or height allowed by their car safety seat's manufacturer. Studies indicate that the longer they stay rear facing, the safer they are in the event of a crash due to the physics of crash dynamics. Also, never put a rear-facing infant seat in the front seat of a vehicle with airbags.

Once your child is at least 1 year of age and weighs at least 20 pounds, they may ride forward-facing, however, it is best for your child to ride rear-facing as long as possible. Your child should ride in a forward facing 5-point harness seat until a minimum of 4 years and 40 pounds. The 5-point harness keeps them securely in the seat and allows their little bodies to absorb the crash forces better; a standard seat belt does not protect a small child because it allows more room for their body to be thrown forward or for them to slip under. As with the rear facing seats, the longer you can keep your child in a harness the safer it is. Some children will reach the weight before they hit the age requirement (or vice versa). For example, a 3-year-old weighing 50 pounds must be in an appropriate child safety seat that will accommodate that weight until he or she is 4 years old, they cannot be in a booster. A 6-year-old that only weighs 35 pounds must stay in a harnessed safety seat until he or she reaches 40 pounds.

By Oregon law, children who have outgrown their safety seats must be properly secured in a booster seat until age 8 or 4' 9". A booster raises a child to a level where a seat belt can properly fit them. Children over 4' 9" must then use a regular seat belt. Once you move them from a booster seat at 4' 9" consider getting a seat belt adjuster so the seat belt hits them correctly. It is also recommended that children under 13 years of age always ride in the back seat; this is the safest place in the event of a crash.

And remember, be a role model for your child. Buckle up every time you are in a car – even on short trips. For more information and assistance please visit www.childsafetyseat.org.

Beware of 'Scareware'



If a pop-up suddenly appears on your screen with the following warning message: "Your computer is vulnerable. Click here to receive the latest anti-virus software." Beware! This is part of a new threat faced by computer users: "scareware". Essentially, "scareware" is malicious software that pretends to be anti-virus software, but really wants to gain access to your computer.

There are many variations of "scareware". The most harmless type encourages the user to spend money on what is in fact completely useless software, but otherwise causes no further damages. Other "scareware" can be much more devious. It can act as a trojan horse

program, opening back doors for unauthorized access to the affected system.

According to the Federal Trade Commission (FTC), the nation's consumer protection agency, scammers have found ways to create realistic but phony "security alerts." Though the "alerts" look like they're being generated by your computer, they actually are created by a con artist and sent through your Internet browser.

These programs exploit a person's fear of online viruses and security threats. Some of the more prevalent programs are Scan & Repair, Antivirus 2009, MalwareCore, WinDefender, XPDefender and WinSpywareProtect. These are all scams. Microsoft has filed lawsuits against these companies, in an effort to get them off the Internet and the FTC is actively pursuing the perpetrators of "scareware" crimes.

Because this is such a lucrative scam, the cyber criminals who commit this fraud go to great lengths to perfect their schemes. They buy ad space on trusted, popular websites. They offer legitimate looking receipts with phone numbers to call for more information. The fact that a person answers the phone at that number doesn't mean the operation is legal.

The FTC advises that if you're faced with any of the warning signs of a "scareware" scam or suspect a problem, shut down your browser. DO NOT click "No" or "Cancel", or even the "X" at the top right corner of the screen. Some "scareware" is designed so that any of those buttons can activate the program. If you use Windows, press Ctrl+Alt+Delete to open your Task Manager, and click "End Task". If you use a Mac, press Command+Option+Q+Esc to "Force Quit". If you get an offer for a "security scan" or similar proposal, search for the name of the product on the Web. That can help you determine if the offer is legitimate.

The best you can do to protect yourself from this threat is to keep your operating system, firewall, antivirus and anti-spyware software up to date. You need to make sure your system is set to receive automatic updates. And last, but not least, make it a practice to not click on any links within pop-ups.

For more information and resources please visit www.ftc.gov or call toll-free at 1-877-382-4357.

Sheriff's Office Crime Report —Unincorporated Douglas County

This is a summary report of property crimes occurring between January 1-31, 2009 reported to the Douglas County Sheriff's Office.

The information contained in this report is intended to help inform the citizens of Douglas County of the criminal activity occurring in their area. The data referenced in this report only includes incidents where a police report was initiated by a deputy and does not include all calls for service for the Sheriff's Office.

Burglaries

100 block Main Camas Rd, Camas Valley
2900 block Deans Creek Rd, Reedsport
100 block Main St, Yoncalla
5000 block NE Stephens St, Roseburg
4200 block Stella St, Green
500 block Stagecoach Rd, Canyonville
700 block Frontage Rd, Canyonville
100 block Klooster Ln, Canyonville
900 block Hill St, Myrtle Creek
1200 block N Pacific Hwy, Myrtle Creek
300 block Hayward Ln, Glendale

Thefts

Hwy 101 & Broadway Ave, Winchester Bay
77000 block Hwy 101, Gardiner
400 block Third St, Yoncalla
300 block N First St, Drain
200 block Rock Creek Rd, Drain
300 block Maplewood Ln, Roseburg
3300 block NE Stephens St, Roseburg
300 block Olivia Ln, Roseburg
4600 block Carnes Rd, Green
1500 block Austin Rd, Green
40 block Manor Loop, Green
9000 block S Hwy 99, Dillard
2300 block Castle St, Green
1200 block Grouse Butte Ln, Green
7400 block Upper Olalla Rd, Tenmile

100 block Silverado Ct, Green
1000 block Hungry U Ranch Ln, Canyonville
700 block Diamond Elk Rd, Tiller
100 block S Main St, Riddle
700 block N Main St, Canyonville
200 block D Lee Ln, Myrtle Creek
1100 block Laura St, Myrtle Creek
300 block Gael Ln, Myrtle Creek

Thefts from Motor Vehicle

Hwy 101 & Sparrow Park Rd, Gardiner
1100 block Knoll Ave, Roseburg

Criminal Mischief

1500 block Scholfield Rd, Reedsport
500 block Ork Rock Rd, Winchester Bay
600 block John Long Rd, Oakland
200 block S Main St, Drain
400 block S Cedar St, Drain
200 block Cedar St, Yoncalla
2000 block Buckhorn Rd, Roseburg
4900 block NE Stephens St, Roseburg
3200 block Broad St, Roseburg
2700 block S Hwy 99, Roseburg
100 block Rathburn Rd, Sutherlin
100 block Art Mill Ln, Green
1900 block Del Mar Dr, Green
300 block Columbia Loop Dr, Green
100 block Belmont Ave, Green

4000 block Hermosa Way, Green
400 block Beals Creek Rd, Days Creek
100 block S Main St, Canyonville
400 block SE Canyon St, Canyonville
100 block S Main St, Riddle
100 block E First Ave, Riddle
700 block Penny Ln, Riddle
100 block Cameron Ln, Myrtle Creek
100 block Clark Terrace Rd, Myrtle Creek
600 block Irving Dr, Myrtle Creek
500 block Chadwick Ln, Myrtle Creek
100 block T Marie Ln, Myrtle Creek
100 block Molly St, Glendale
First Street & Montgomery Ave, Glendale

Motor Vehicle Theft

600 block Eagle Valley Rd, Yoncalla
4700 block Grange Rd, Green
300 block Gilham Loop, Myrtle Creek
200 block Alameda St, Myrtle Creek



DOUGLAS COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

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We're on the Web!

www.dcs0.com